NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1891.-TWELVE PAGES.

THE GERMANS INCENSED.

& DEMAND FOR SATISFACTION FROM FRANCE FOR EMPRESS FREDERICK'S TREAT-

ANXIETY IN PARIS-THE BOURSE WEAK-THE FRENCH MINISTER AT BERLIN BLAMED-FRENCH ARTISTS NOT TO BE REPRESENTED AT THE BER-

LIN EXHIBITION. Berlin, Feb. 26 .- The "Cologne Gazette," commenting on the conciliatory overtures which Emperor William has made to France, of which the visit of ex-Empress Frederick is regarded es proof, says: "The French have a right to think revenge, but they have no right to injure mother by insults that could be expected only of secondrels. The German people feel deeply and they have a right to expect the French people and Government to give ample satisfaction, and to wipe out the stain upon the honor of France, by energetically calling to order the miserable wretches who have insulted the ex-Empress

Paris, Feb. 26.-Excited groups gathered in the lobbies of the Chamber of Deputies this evening. discussing the "Cologne Gazette's" article of te-day and the effect of the rebuff on the im-"Cologne Gazette's" reputation for such augry ebullitions, the article fails to have the effect it might have had if produced by a more sober journal. The Paris evening papers reprint the article, but none makes any comment excepting the "Liberte," which says that the article will enlighten the Boulangists as to the impradence of their eccentricities. This reflects the general opinion among moderate men.

disturbance should occur here before the Em-them to deportation." press Frederick leaves Paris prevails here and

is reflected in Berlin. At the reception held last night by M. Ribot, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count von Munster, the German Ambassador, threw the whole blame for the unpleasantness arising from the visit of the Empress upon M. Herbette, the French Ambassador at Berlin. This has given rise to a considerable amount of diplomatic correspondence by telegraph and otherwise, the outcome of which, would seem, is that M. Herbette will probably be recalled from Berlin. That the action of the Parisians and the tone of the newspaper press of Paris will be deeply resented in Berlin, nobody for an instant doubts; and there are many people pleasantness" may have upon the mind of the young and warlike Emperor of Germany.

The Bourse was weak to-day, owing to reports that articles unfavorable to France, arising from the feeling here over the visit of the Empress Frederick, have been printed in the "Cologne Gazette" and other German newspapers.

The plan which was looked upon as settled, by which the French artists were to exhibit products of their art at the Berlin exhibition, has been abandoned. Detaille, the French painter, has finally yielded to the pressure brought to bear upon him, and to-day announced that he had made a mistake in consenting to send some of his works to the German exposition, adding that be felt, upon reflection, that it would not be patriotic to go to Berlin. Detaille also says that all brother artists who are Frenchmen will abstain from being represented at Berlin. The artistic question outlined by the statements made by Detaitle and other French artists is the chief topic of conversation throughout Paris and the Prov-

Benjamin Constant, the painter, has also refused to have the products of his brush exhibited at Berlin, though he says he believes that this whole matter is an incident of patriotism wrongly understood. For his part, he adds, he regarded the French participation in the Berlin exposition as an opportunity for taking a small measure of revenge upon the Germans, while awaiting something better.

Calmer minds, ever since the start of the project to get French artists to exhibit their paintings in Berlin, have been speculating upon what the effect would be upon the people of Berlin if, for instance, the celebrated pictures of Detaille, giving, from the French point of view, incidents of the Franco-Prussian War of 1870—71, should be exhibited at the exposition to be held in the capital of Germany. Referring still to French painters, who are now the centre of interest here, L'Evenement' to-day comments upon the hitter tone of the letter published by Meissonier's widow this morning, and contrasts it painfailly with the loyal, open-hearted letter of condolence sent to the widow by the young Emperor of Germany when the latter was informed of Meissonier's death. Calmer minds, ever since the start of the project.

death.

Empress Frederick has fulfilled to the letter the desire of Emperor William that she should ascertain the feeling of Faris regarding the German people and their ruler. She has had long talks with Jules Simon, M. Ferry, Pere Didon, M. Renan, M. Menabrea and M. Saint Hibaire. The subject of territorial concession was naturally avoided, and the interviews were satisfactory. Brussels, Feb. 26.—A mysterious woman has joined General Boulanger in this city! The Government will expel the General from Belgium if he engages in any political intrigues.

THE NEW TUBERCULOSIS REMEDY.

PROFESSOR LIEBREICH GIVES THE COMPOSITION

OF HIS SOLUTION-ITS EFFECTS. Berlin, Feb. 26.-Professor Liebreich last night, at the meeting of the Berlin Medical Society, at which he described his new method of treating tuberculosis by injecting under the skin a solution of cantharidate of potash, dwelt on the fact that there was no pain or subsidiary disturbing effect, and that the improvement was remarkable and rapid. Large doses, said the Professor. irritated the kidneys slightly, but not alarmingly.

Dr. Hermann, upon the same occasion, spoke in praise of the harmless nature of the new remedy, saying that its effects were ca-ily borne by the patients who had been subjected to its influence. Dr. Fraenkel referred to the new remedy's effects. He said that it had been noticed that the bucilli were thinner and de creasing in number after Injection. Finally Professor Liebreich, replying to the criticisms which have been statement in which he said that it was not a specifie against tuberculosis, but that it acted upon all the diseased tissues having reduced power of resistance, by

The Professor detailed the prescription for the prepa ration of the new solution as follows: Two-tenths of a gramme of cantheridine, four-tenths of a gramme of

gramme of cantharidine, four-tenths of a gramme of hydrate of potash, or three-tenths of a gramme of hydrate of narron.

These ingredlents, says Professor Liebreich, ought to be weighed exactly in a 1,000 cubic centimetre alembic, should be diluted with twenty cubic centimetres of water, and then warmed in a water-bath until a clear solution is obtained. While the warmth is maintained water should be gradually added until in reaches a mark when the solution becomes cold. Cold water should be added until the whole amounts to exactly one litre.

SUMMONED TO FORM A NEW NORWEGIAN CABINET.

Christiania, Feb. 26.-The King has accepted the resignation of the Norwegian Cabinet, and has asked Mr. Berners, the mover of the resolution which over-

threw the Ministry, to form a cabinet. Mr. Berners has declined the task, but has advised the King to intrust the duty of forming a Calinet to Mr. Steen, the leader of the party of the Left. Tho King, after consulting with the retiring Ministers offered Mr. Steen the opportunity of forming a Cabinet. Mr. Steen hesitates whether to necept or refuse the offer.

MORE RIOTING NEAR DURHAM.

Durham, Feb. 26.-Rioting at the scenes of the evictions of the families of the striking coal-miners from the houses which they occupied on the property be The strikers again stoned the police, and the police again replied by charging upon the crowds of people who assaulted them. During the day the occupied by the new men or "blacklegs." who have

THE SACK OF IQUIQUE.

TWO HUNDRED WOMEN AND CHILDREN PERISH IN THE RUINS OF BUILDINGS WRECKED BY THE REBELS.

ALL THE PRINCIPAL HOUSES IN THE CITY PIL-LAGED-LIGHTEEN CAPTURED OFFICERS EX-ECUTED AFTER THE RETAKING OF

> PISAGUA - THE MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS DECLARED

TO BE REBELS.

Enemos Avres, Feb. 26 .- Additional advices received ere from Chill say that the bombardment of lonione by the insurgents was productive of great loss of life children perished in the ruins of the sucked buildings.

The insurgents scized the custom house, and then General Soto, the commander of the Government forces, perious nature of the Emperor. In view of the the place, and dispatched a force into the country,

> received here say that President Balmaceda, of Chill, has sent his family into the Argentine Republic for safety. These advices add: "After the recapture of Pisagua eighteen officers who were captured were shot in cold blood.

"President Calmaceda's decree calling for Presidential election in March declares that members of An increased feeling of auxiety lest a sudden both chambers of Congress are rebels, and sentences

terday in saying that the private letter published with regard to the Chilian revolution was received by W. R. authentic, but was received by a centleman who has lately returned from Chill, and who does not desire to have his name published.

WHERE THE AMERICAN FUNDS WENT. SUPPRESSIBLE" BEGUN-RIOTOUS MEET-INGS-ARCHBISHOP (ROKE.

Dublin, Feb. 26 .- The trial of the suit for libel brought by Timothy Harrington, M. P., against the publisher of "The Insuppressible," began to-day. Mr. Harrington desied handling the funds received not had charge of the League's funds, and that no among the tenants evicted in the old Land League days, who were permanent pensioners, and also

among tenants evicted under the Plan of Campaign. having accused Mr. Harrington of lying, and the mat-

ter was dropped.

Dr. Kenny testified as to the amount of money collected in the United States, and said that the number of evicted tenants exceeded 12,000, all but 900 of whom were paid out of the Evicted Tenants

Mr. Fox, M. P., who is going to America in the in terest of the Healyite faction, quietly embarked on the Tentonic at Openstown to-day. He declined to talk the Healvite mission is to collect funds.

A crowd of Parnellites dispersed a meeting of Healy ites in the Corn Exchange at Traice to-day, and adopted a resolution expressing confidence in Mr. Parnell. League meeting in Ballimaloe to-day Meers, Sheele and Rocke were hooted down when they attempted to speak. The gas having been suddenly extinguished,

the meeting terminated in great confusion. Archbishop Croke has written a letter for publica tion, in which he says that if any Irish Catholic be-lieves that in denouncing Mr. Parnell this was done to gratify Mr. Gladstone, he, the Archbishop, would to graffly Mr. Gladstone, be, the Archbishop, would recommend such a person to Join some other church. The Archbishop, in conclusion, says: "I hereby declare that I regard priests in the same fight, whether they denounce or support Mr. Parnell: but I think their support of him is impossible."

London, Feb. 26.—The Court of Appeals holds that Messrs. McCarthy, Herbert Gladstone and others of the Executive Committee of the III-fated Irish exhibition are liable for the deficit in the funds of the extinition.

A LITTLE COUNTESS PAPPEMBEIN BAPTIZED. Berlin, Feb. 26.-The ceremony of the baptism of the infant daughter of Count and Countess Pappenheim, the latter formerly Miss Wheeler, took place to day fount Schouvaloff, the Russian Ambassador, and Mr made upon the new system of inoculation, made a Phelps, the United States Minister, were the godfathers, the Rev. Dr. Owen, of the Anglo-American Church, After the ceremony luncheon was served at the home of the Pappenheims. Among the guests were Count von Lerchenfeld, the Bavarian Minister; General von Ranch proposed the health of Mrs. Phelps, Julius Wolff read a poem, and Mr. Phelps spoke for the Emperor and for the President of the United States.

> AMERICAN LARD LARELLED "PELFAST LARD." Belfast, Feb. 26.-The Attorney-General for Ireland, against two merchants of this city for violations of the Marks net. It is charged that these merchants have been exporting American fard to England after having labelled it as "purest refined Belfast laid." is still proceeding, and a large amount of testimony has been taken. The evidence shows that a vast quantity of American lard bearing the spurious mark has been reshipped from Belfast, and that the placing of this land upon the markets has had the effect of injuring the reputation and lowering the value of the genuine Irish

THE HOSTILITIES IN EGYPT.

Suakim, Feb. 26.—An advance post of dervishe stationed at Abobana, has surrendered to the Egyptin Members of friendly tribes have sent word to the Egyptian headquarters that they will not alloues on Digna to take refuge in their country.

London, Feb. 26.-Sir James Fergusson, Political Sceretary of the Foreign Office, in the House of Com-mons to-day said that an Egyptian garrison would be minimized at Tokar.

Glasgow, Feb. 26.—At a meeting here of the Ship lwners' Society to-day, President Dunlop, of the attacked and wrecked a number of houses Alian Line of steamships, declared that the depression existing in shipping circles was phenomenal,

THE QUEEN AND THE PRINCE AT ODDS. TWO WAR VESSELS LAUNCHED AT PORTSMOUTH A BRILLIANT CEREMONY AND "QUEEN'S WEATHER."

Portsmouth, Feb. 26.-In the presence of 100,000 pertators, the Queen christened two British warships thich were launched here to-day, naming them re spectively the Royal Arthur and the Royal tovereign According to report, previous to the ceremony, while the Queen and the Prince of Wales were standing be her manner, and the Prince was irritably on the de fensive. Both the Queen and the Prince, as a result of their quarrel, had an apoplectic appearance who it terminated. The cause of the royal quarrel is be

uniform as an Admiral of the Fleet, left London for large staff, brilliant with gold and silver lace, and was

to a tichiy decorated platform, where she was again recived by the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh

PRESIDENT BALMACEDA'S ADDRESS.
On the 1st of last January, just one week before the Royal Arthur upon land were knocked out of

BRAZILIANS AND AEGENTINES FIRMER London, Feb. 2d.—The advices received by the Roths alids from the Argentine Republic, coupled with the caused a firmness to-day in Brazilian and Argentine securities by strengthening the hands of the holders. This has relieved the strain on the market. The settle ment is passing quietly. No failures have been an-

among tenants evicted under the Pian of Campaign.

Mr. Harrington's answers effected an observation from Mr. Healy in an undertone. Counsel for Mr. Healy in an undertone. Counsel for Mr. Healy was accusing Mr. Harrington of lying, which complaint caused the latter to exclaim, "Just like Healy, but I have too much re-pect for myself to compete with such as Healy." Mr. Healy denied having accused Mr. Harrington of lying, and the mat.

Outleten the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic. On Lanuary 17 The Tribune conflicts in the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic. On Lanuary 17 The Tribune conflicts in the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic. On Lanuary 17 The Tribune conflicts in the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic. On Lanuary 17 The Tribune conflicts in the License Arges to conflicts in the Econolic. On Lanuary 17 The Tribune conflicts in the License Arges to eveniment in Jecus Arges to extend the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic. On Lanuary 17 The Tribune conflicts in the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic. On Lanuary 17 The Tribune conflicts in the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic States in the Econolic States in the License Argestine Nation at large. On the contrary, it may be the cause of fresh conflicts in the Econolic States in the Econol added that, incomuch as these drainage works would profit only the city of Lucios Ayres, and not the whole

PRESIDENT FONSECA SWORN IN.

Rio Janeiro, Feb. 26.- The election of General Dec devo da Fonseca as President of the United States of Brazil took place in the Federal Congress. Its

scrived a majority of 23 votes.

General da Fonseca took the oath of office as Presi-The President received the individual Fon-tions of the members, and afterward reviewed

RESCUED AS THEIR SHIP WAS SINKING.

TRYING EXPERIENCE OF THE CREW OF THE

SCHOONER AMANDA C. PARKER. May's Landing, N. J., Feb. 26,-(Special.)-The an-ouncement that the American Line steamer Lord Clive s of the crew of the ill-fated schooner Amanda (Parker on beard, who were saved just as their ve cas sinking, caused many friends and relatives to a o Philadelphia to welcome the shipwrecked people officer C. C. steelman, of the schooner, in relating the xperience of the vessel and the rescae of the crew.

Wilmington, Del., on December 20. After a few days out a terrific gale arose, which brought with it a tre nendons sea, and the vessel was hove over on be days, but it was on January 16 that our situation be came precarious. On that day a furious squall struck he vessel, carrying away the main and mizzen masts with difficulty we managed to clear the wreck. e well being sounded thirty-ix inches of water was stendily gained on us and despair set in. From the 24th to the 25th our condition was awful. The pro-cisions were spoiled by salt water, the vessel was in a sinking condition and all the boats had been swept a sinking condition and all the boats had been swept away. Just at this juncture smoke was sighted away on the port how. An hour later it was seen that the smoke came from a steamship which proved to be the battel. She rescued as just in time, for the Parker was almost level with the water when we abandoned ber, and she sank in an hour. In connection with this disc ster I should like to say a word respecting the heroism of Mrs. Lee, the wife of our captain. Through out the terrible orders through which we passed she remained ealm and was always ready with inspiring words of loope, encouragement and advice. Not only this, but she took the wheel in order to let another man help us at the pumps."

PEFFER STARTS FOR WASHINGTON.

Kansas City, Feb. 26.-Senator elect Peffer, who will ucceed Senator Ingalls in the upper house of the Nalonal Congress, passed through here to-day on his way to Washington, where he will take the oath of office on

FORCE, IF NECESSARY.

CONNECTICUT POLICE PROPOSE TO CROSS THE BORDER.

SHOULD GOVERNOR HILL REFUSE A REQUISI-TION FOR A HORSE-THIEF IN PUTNAM COUNTY THE CRIMINAL MAY

BE CARRIED ACROSS THE LINE BY FORCE.

Danbury, Conn., Feb. 26 .- Connecticut criminals are already seeking refuge in the haven at present afforded in New-York State. Two were arrested in this vicinity yesterday, one, a noted horse thief, in Brewster, ten miles over the New-York a requisition, which will be made to-morrow, and in case Governor Hill refuses to acknowledge Governor Bulkeley, of this State, again, some interesting developments will follow, and ten miles from the line between Putnam County Hartford to-morrow to secure Governor Bulkeley's to Albany to wait on Governor Hill. It is expeoted that Governor Bulkeley will make cond application to New-York's Governor, though

how Colburt's guilt, and have every legal form prepared, so that the requisition can be refused prepared, so that the requisition can be refused only on the same grounds that Jardon's requisition was refused. Colburt broke into a stable in this city on Tuesday night and stole a valuable horse and buggy and drove directly into New-York State, where he sold a part of the stolen property, and the rest was found in his possession. The officers believe that if they violate New-York State law in taking the prisoner across the State line, Governor Bulkeley will refuse New-York States requisition for their arrest, should it be asked.

with being a burglar and safe robber, and who is the between Governors Hill and

HILL NOT TO ANSWER BULKELEYS NOTE.

in the matter of the extradition of Fardon.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 26.—The following letter has

been forwarded by the Democratic Managing Com-mittee in the House to Covernor Hill: Hartford, Conn., Feb. 26. The Hon. D. B. Hill, Governor of N. a. York. pointed by the Democratic side of the House of Representatives to great the interests of candidates for the different state offices elected in November, 1890, hereby desire to express to you our appreciation of your masks and Democratic action in refusing to grant the request for requisition papers made upon you by excloverne publicley, new and for some time past wrongfully exercising the franchise of theorems of this State.

This is signed by Albert Walker, of Hartford; P. J. Markley, of New-Indiani, John P. Herdy of Windson Looks; Charles G. Roof, of Waterbury; Hobart L. Hotchkhas, of New Haven; Daniel Callahan, of New-Haven; W. L. Jusid, of Litchfield.

ANOTHER ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

TO BE UNDERTAKEN, BY AN ENGINEER IN THE NAVY-THROUGH GREENLAND TO THE POLE.

Washington, Feb. 26 (Special). There is to be an her Arctic expedition. It will be led by an officer of a Navy, although not under the patronage of the tertake the task of going as far north as possible. He as selected a few men who are to accompany him on the expedition. Their names have not yet been dis-The expenses of the journey will be defrayed y geographical and scientific societies which have been afterested in Engineer Peary's scheme. That officer as asked the Navy Department for leave of a year and a half, and in his letter of application sets rth at length his plan for the expedition. He do of go so far as to ascertain his ability to reach the North Pole, but believes that he can reach a point arther north than that attained by Lockwood, of the Greely expedition. Lockwood journeyed by the Green-and coast, and went as far north as 83 degrees and 22 dinates before turning back.

Mr. Peary, who is an enthusiast on this subject,

proposes to go through Greenland. The party will leave here next May, going to Whale Sound on the western coast of Greenland. For this purpose a whaler will be used. From Whale sound the party will strike out in a northwesterly direction across Green land, utilizing sledges in travel and transportation fand, utilizing sledges in trace; and
Mr. Peary believes that progress by this means will be
practically unmolested. The party will at least avoid
the dangers of Arcile seas with moving ice fields and
bergs. The explorer intends to reach in that way the extreme northern limit of Greenland coast.

If the sea is frozen he will continue his ledge journey toward the pole. The theory is that the sea will be found sufficiently frozen to permit travel as through Greenland. Mr. Peary expects to sealers. pects to return to Whale Sound by the end of the whaling season of 1892; in time to meet a whaler on which the party can return to the United States,

If Mr. Penry does not reach the pole and only sue ceds in going through Greenland his expedition will not be without a result. The interior of Greenland is unknown and the results of the Peary expedition will be new material. Mr. Peary has had some experience in that country; he has made observations a shor distance from the coast line, and on them he bases hi scheme for the present expedition. He will a equipped with astronomical instruments and apparatus for scientific observation, and his party will be composed of men recommended for the task by their hardflood and mental nucess. It is confidently expected that observations will be easily obtained on an overland route, and the outlook for results is better than that of the hazardous sea journeys toward the

Mr. Peary, who will have charge of the expedition, is at present on duty at the League Island Navy Yard, whore he has been since February, 1889. He was appointed from Maine in October, 1881, as a civil engi-

near in the Navy. He has the relative rank of lieutenant and is next to the last on the list of civil engi-

SIR JOHN AND RECIPROCITY.

OFFERING, LAST JULY, TO REMOVE THE CUSTOMS DUTY ON COAL ORES AND LUMBER,

SIR CHARLES TUPPER ANSWERED-ASKED TO TELL WHERE HE GOT THE LETTERS

- WRITTEN TO MR. WIMAN. Toronto, Feb. 26 .- "The Globe" to-day has an ar cle on "The Veracity of Ministers," in which 15

In Nova Scotia, a few days ago, Sir Charles Tupper taked his personal verseity "that Sir John Maclonald ught to obtain from the American Congress The facts are that Sir John Macdonald wrote an autograph letter to a friend of his, offering free scoals and other articles, which letter was intended to be shown, and to members of the Administration. The friend, as will

Les Rochers St. Patrick, Riviere du Loup, July 30, 1890.

My Dear Sir: In answer to your esteemed note of this day, I desire to say that I am fully assured that the duty. The Government has already authorized Sir Junab Paunoefots to state to the American Government that they will be prepared to take off the export duty on logs whenever Canadian lumber is admitted into the United States market at the reduced rate of \$1.50 per 1,000, board Hudson, and thence to New-York. It is not known of Congress or the Government as you please. Tariff act provision might be made for making the aboveon as they are made free whenever they are so, and as some as they are made free by the Canadian Parliament, remain, my dear sir, faithfully yours,

Madness of Faction." It says, in part: Nothing could mark mallguant madness of faction more signally or more shamefully than the means which in this aid on Mr. Wiman's papers. But let Sir Charles Tupper

NAMED FOR THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT. OME OF THE SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES-SIR JOHN RENOMINATED.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—The nomination of candidates for the Dominion Parliament took place all over the Dominion to-day, except in British Columbia, where the nominations will be made on March 15. So far as heard from, the following Liberals have been elected City, Eastern Division, and Dr. Rinfret Lotbiniere, Quebec. Mr. Joneas, Independent Conservative, has een elected by acclamation to represent Gaspe in the Dominion Parliament.

The following have also been elected by acclama-

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 2d.—sir John Macdonald, Con-servative, Alexander Gunu, Liberal, and Major Ed-

JAMES E. CROSS DROPS DEAD.

FOUND WITH LETTERS AND HIS WILL IN HIS POCKETS.

James E. Cross, the Eastern agent of the milroad evening about 6:15 o'clock, and his body was taken to been filled with heavy ice all day. This came from

evening about 6:15 o'clock, and his bedy was taken to the Thirty fifth st. police station.

A physician was called and said he died from applexy. Mr. Cross was about sixty-five years old and lived at No. 1.426 Ninth ave, where he boarded with Mrs. Victoria Stone. He formerly lived in the Amsterdam Flats, No. 101 West Fortleth st. Mr. Cross had a large number of letters in a satchel which he had a large number of letters in a satchel which he had been filled with heavy ice all day. This came from the upper lindson and Mohawk rivers, and piled up and storehouses. There has been considerable damage done to the lechouses, brickyards and storehouses at Coeyman's and New Baltimore by the heavy lee. If the water continues to like the West Shore tracks south of here will be submerged by complications a heavy snowstorm is prevailing.

Fort Plain, N. Y., Feb. 26.—The Mohawk River here and heavy lee all day. This came from the upper lindson and Mohawk rivers, and piled up and the proper lindson and Mohawk rivers, and piled up and the proper lindson and Mohawk rivers, and piled up and the proper lindson and Mohawk rivers, and piled up and storehouses, brickyards and storehouses at Coeyman's and New Baltimore by the heavy lee. If the water continues to like the West Shore tracks south of here will be submerged by complications a heavy shows store the leavy lee. If the water continues to like the West Shore tracks south of here will be submerged by complications a heavy shows store in the properties of the proper with Mrs. Victoria Stone. He formerly lived in the Amsterdam Flats, No. 101 West Fortleth-st. Mr. Cross Roberts, Mrs. Minnie Gearsh, G. B. Cross and Miss Grace Cross \$2,500 in cash, and the rest of his property to his wife. He appoints his wife, his daughter, and Levi Dond executors of his estate.

No one called at the station for his body, although policemen had been sent to several addresses with the

When found he had \$50 in money, a silver watch and gold chain, searf pin, and a memorandum dated yesterday of the purchase of \$5,000 worth of stock in the Wheeling and Lake Eric, Grand Rapids and Indiana and Columbus and Hocking Valley railroads. Coroner Levy granted a permit for the removal of the body, and it was taken to Holton's undertaking establishment. The body will be removed to Chicago.

THE BISHOP HAD TO GET ANOTHER CHURCH. Allentown, Penn., Feb. 26,-The trouble in the Evangelical Association of Eastern Pennsylvania reached a climax to-day by the refusal of the anti-Rowmanites to allow Bishop Bowman to enter Ebeneser Church to preside over the conference. Presiding Elder Heil acted as spokesman of the anti-Bowmanites and informed the bishop when the latter presented bimself at the door that he refused him admission by

authority of the trustees. Bishop Bowman then announced to the crowd which and gathered in front of the church that as he had been prevented from performing the functions of his office as presiding officer of this conference, he would organ-ize the East Pennsylvania Conference. A motion was made that the conference meet in Emanuel Evangelical Church. This was destared carried, and Rishop Bow-man and his followers repaired to that edifice and or-ganized the conference.

A WHITE SEAL KILLED IN NEW-JEESEY. Bordentown, N. J., Feb. 26 .- A pure white seal, reighing 125 pounds, was killed in Rancocus Creek, near Hainesport, Burlington County, yesterday after noon by Nutt Wells. It was accompanied by another of a dark color. A few days ago one of these ani-

mals was seen in the Delaware River opposite this

ME. BATAED APPEARS FOR MRS. BURKE-ROCHE. Wilmington, Del., Feb. 26 (Special).-Attorneys for the petitioner in the Burke-Roche case read eviden in court this afternoon after petitioning for a decree of absolute divorce to Mrs. Francis Burke-Roche from her husband, James Boothby Burke-Roche. The testimony of Lucy Rewitt, sister of the petitioner; Frank Work her father, and George Paul Work, her brother, showed that Burke-Roche had got into debt, and when Frank Work would not settle his bills grew angry and deserted his wife, and that he never supported her before since that time. In her affidavit Mrs. Burke-Roche says that she intends to live permanently in Delaware Thomas F. Bayard appeared for the petitioner a argued in favor of granting the divorce at this term court. It was his first appearance in the court is

PRICE THREE CENTS.

TRAVEL ON THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL

SERIOUSLY DELAYED. OVERFLOWS CAUSED BY RAINS AND ICE GORGER IN THE HUDSON AND MOHAWK RIVERS-

CENTRAL TRAINS USING THE WEST SHORE AND HARLEM TRACKS-AN-NOYING RESULTS OF THE

FIRST WARM RAIN OF THE

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBURE.] Poughkeepsie, Feb. 26.—There have been se

tentions to travel on the Hudson River Railroad to day owing to heavy freshets on the upper Hudson. The main point of obstruction was between Schodack and Stuy-vesant. Both tracks have been covered with two feet of ice have been lying on the down-track, so that all trains two men sat on the cowcatcher of the engine with poles and wait until the ice was broken up with picks and Mohawk and lodged against solid ice reaching from rose rapidly and flooded the tracks, carrying the heavy cakes of ice with it and piling them on the roadbed 2 p. m. the callroad company issued orders sending all south, and other trains going north switch off at Hudson

The upper Hudson is fall of driftwood. A large barn near schodack, filled with baled hay, was carried off by the water, and the hay is strewn along the river and jammed in among the ice on the railroad

The steamer Daniel S. Miller, which arrived here New York again to-night, and navigation to Pough-keepsie is considered as opened for the season. A snowstorm with high wind prevails.

Utica, N. Y., Feb. 26.-The Mohawk River at 7 o'clock this morning was at the highest stage it has been since March 17, 1865. This forenoon the rapidly as it rose last nigut. A severe rainstorm in the early part of last evening was the cause of the the rain came the tributaries swept down great streams and sent the Mohawk booming. little damage in this city, except that arising from flooded stores and cellars. The Central-Hudson Railroad was badly crippled in its service to-day. The much damage has been caused by the overflow. along the Mohawk Valley from here to Schenectady come reports of ice jams and overflows that are caus-

Reports this afternoon indicate that the ice dams are becoming more dangerous as the floating ice lodges spread by the Fort Plain dam and the West Shore tracks are now covered. No trains can be run on either the West Shore or Central, and unless the ice

brenks soon great damage will result. Schenectady, Feb. 27 (special).—The warm weather and heavy rains of the last two days caused the water in the Mohawk River at this point to rise ten inches higher than was ever before known, flooding the city broke. But it formed a dam again about a mile below the city. It soon overbowed its banks. Indeceiled below the city remained firm and solid until
about 11 o'clock this morning, when it gave way and
the water fell rapidly. The pumping station of the
Holly Water Works system was flooded this morning,
rendering it entirely useless for any purpose, and for
fifteen hours the city was without any fire protection,
except such as could be obtained from the one steam
dre-engine which the city possesses. Much live-stock
was destroyed. Travel on the railroads is greatly
delived.

Albany, Feb. 26 (Special).-The water in the Hudon, north of stnyvesant, reached a height of sixteen feet this evening and then remained stationary. formidable ice gorge exists at Stuyvesant. The water is so high in the streets on the east side of the chartment of the Adams & Westlake Company, of city that no business of any kind could be transacted thingo, who had an office at No. 115 Breadway, was could dead in front of No. 111 East Thirtieth st. last. The current in the river is swift, and the stream has

had a large number of letters in a satenet which he had a family which it was learned that he had a family it long in Chicago. There was in this had a memorandum of his will, in which had a family set. Johnsville the New-York Central and Hadson River present New-York Central and Hadson River presents. de leaves to his children, J. W. Cross, Mrs. Susan trains are run on the West Shore road between Fuller's trains are run on the West Shore road between Fuller's and Harbor. Train No. 100, unaing between Utica and Albany, was abandoned today. The train is due in Albany at 0:45 a. m. Two passenger trains are studing in the water near St. Johnsville. As soon as possible the passengers will be transferred to the West Shore road. Train No. 21, the day express, leaving New York at 4:35 a. m., was the first New-York Central train to pass west over the West Shore road this morning. The ice has not yet broken up in the river here and is two feet in thickness. The general thaw of the last few days has caused the water to overflow its banks. The river is clear of ice between Tribe's Hill and Hoffman's Ferry.

Canajoharie, N. Y., Feb. 26.—The water in the Mohawk River is high. The New-York Central Rail-

Mohawk River is high. The New-York Central Rail tee between Fort Plain and St. Johnsville, and no trans have been through since early this morning trains have been through since early this morning. The train due at Palatine Bridge at 7:43 a. m. was stalled at st. Johnsville, and trains arriving from the cast were compelled to return to Albany. The Passengers were transferred to the West Shore read. There is an ice-gorge at Fort Plain, and the water is running through the streets to the depth of two or three feet. The water is steadily rising, and down all through the valley.

Watertown, N. Y., Feb. 26.—The streams in #4. Lawrence and Lewis counties are dangerously high. 'anton's waterworks are temporarily useless because of damage done by ice rushing out of Grass River.

TRAINS COME IN LATE:

HARD FIGHTING THROUGH SNOW AND ICE TO

REACH THIS CITY. Central specials said last evening that flood and ice had been making great havor on the lines of the road. The main hoe, including the Hudson River Division, is disabled, and were it not that the company is using the West Shore tracks the service of the road, except for local traffic, would be entirely at a standstill. The Mohawk and the Hudson Rivers, it was said, were both overflowing their banks, sweeping ice and debris upon the Central tracks. For a distance of twenty miles on the main line between Little Falls and Fonda, the water on the track was from one to three feet deep, and no trains had been run over this section since yesterday at noon. Trains for some hours before that were from four to five hours late, and they had so much difficulty in making their way through the flood and ice that the railroad people

Later in the day it was reported that several small uildings had been washed upon the track, and that the good was blocked in many places by trees. The last train that came over the line from Utica arrived at the Grand Central Station at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. It should have arrived at 7:20 a. m. This train